NWS National Climate Services

Climate Data in the Field

AWIPS Climate Refresh

- As was already shown, Central Processing has already started with the AWIPS Climate Refresh
 - To recap;
 - First iteration will bring the current program up to modern code and fix the gamut of deficiency reports
 - Expected availability around the beginning of the year
 - Things to remember;
 - We will finally be able to work from a common climate database
 - This can be the basis for an entire suite of climate tools that can be integrated into the rest of AWIPS

COOP Sustainability

- As shown, COOP ranks very high as an observing system not just for Climate, but also for Hydro
- In order for COOP to keep up with the times and still remain relevant to climate, COOP must evolve by;
 - Updating instrumentation;
 - Better reliability;
 - Better coverage

COOP Sustainability

- What's currently being worked on?
 - Station metadata The Station Information System (SIS) is maturing, will be deploying version 2 soon
 - Wireless temperature system
 - Contract to be out soon
 - Modular design, will be able to add other sensors to system
 - Potential to connect to Observers home network for data transmission (future)
 - Soil temperature (and moisture?)
 - Will tie into wireless temperature data logger to show on display

Snow Measurements

- Science or Sorcery?
- A recent analysis of data from the January 2016 East Coast Blizzard gave us some things to think about
 - From 8 different airport LCD sites, snow was measured at least 3 different ways (clear board 6-hourly, subtract new snow from snow on ground, and hourly)
 - Some LCD sites (other than those looked at) use a COOP, once a day measurement
 - Not to mention all the COOP sites that only measure once per day

Snow Measurements

- How do we defend these as climate quality observations?
- Should we decide on one way of measuring snow for consistency?
- Or, will this just cause more discontinuity in the snow record?

DISCUSS!